

Difference Between Plain And Plateau

== Description == 06ca817e7b

Kantō Plain Kantō Plain. Among them are the Ōmiya, Musashino, Sagamino, Jōsō, and Shimōsa Plateaus. Its 17,000 km² covers more than half of the region extending over Tokyo, Saitama Prefecture, Kanagawa Prefecture, Chiba Prefecture, Gunma Prefecture, Tochigi Prefecture, and Ibaraki Prefecture. These The Kantō Plain (Japanese: 関東平野, Hepburn: Kantō heiya), in the Kantō region of central Honshu, is the largest plain in Japan. A collection of plateaus constitute a large part of the plain 06ca817e7b

In the west, the southern boundary of the North German Plain is formed by the Lower Saxon Hills: specifically the ridge of the Teutoburg Forest, the Wiehen Hills, the Weser Hills and the Lower Saxon Börde, which partly separate it from that area of the Plain known as the Westphalian Lowland. Elements of the Rhenish Massif also act a part of the southern boundary of the plain: the Eifel, Bergisches Land and the Sauerland. In the east the North German Plain spreads out beyond the Harz Mountains and Kyffhäuser further to the south as far as the Central Saxon hill country and the foothills of the Ore Mountains. 06ca817e7b The average elevation is 200 metres (660 ft) and it covers an area of about 155,000 square kilometres (60,000 sq mi). The saucer-shaped plateau is divided by a range of hills called the Phu Phan Mountains into two basins: the northern Sakhon Nakhon Basin, and the southern Khorat Basin. The plateau tilts from its northwestern corner where it is about 213 metres (699 ft) above sea level to the southeast

where the elevation is only about 62 metres (203 ft). Except for a few hills in the northeastern corner, the region is primarily gently undulating land, most of it varying in elevation from 90-180 metres (300-590 ft), tilting from the Phetchabun Mountains in the west down toward the Mekong River. The plateau is drained by the Mun and Chi Rivers, tributaries to the Mekong that forms the northeastern boundary of the area. It is separated from central Thailand by the Phetchabun Mountains and the Dong... 06ca817e7b == Description == 06ca817e7b In contrast to continental flood basalts, most igneous oceanic plateaus erupt through young and thin (6-7 km (3.7-4.3 mi)) mafic or ultra-mafic crust... 06ca817e7b There are 184 oceanic plateaus in the world, covering an area of 18,486,600 km² (7,137,700 sq mi) or about 5.11% of the oceans. The South Pacific region around Australia and New Zealand contains the greatest number of oceanic plateaus (see map). 06ca817e7b

Loess Plateau to Alluvial plain at piedmont to river valley belt. This pattern keeps repeating from the Northwest to the Southeast of the Loess Plateau. The height 06ca817e7b

Edwards Plateau The plateau, especially its southeast portion, is also known as the Texas Hill Country. It is bounded by the Balcones Fault to the south and east; the Llano Uplift and the Llano Estacado to the north; and the Pecos River and Chihuahuan Desert to the west. The landscape of the plateau is mostly savanna scattered with trees The Edwards Plateau is a geographic region forming the crossroads of Central, South, and West Texas, United States. of limestone, with elevations ranging between 100 and 3000 ft. It is named in honor of Haden Edwards. San Angelo, Austin, San Antonio, and Del Rio roughly outline the area. Caves are numerous 06ca817e7b

Oceanic plateaus produced by large igneous provinces are often associated with hotspots, mantle

plumes, and volcanic islands — such as Iceland, Hawaii, Cape Verde, and Kerguelen. The three largest plateaus, the Caribbean, Ontong Java, and Mid-Pacific Mountains, are located on thermal swells. Other oceanic plateaus, however, are made of rifted continental crust, for example the Falkland Plateau, Lord Howe Rise, and parts of Kerguelen, Seychelles, and Arctic ridges. 06ca817e7b

Transylvanian Plateau the plateau and the mountains. Climatic features are determined by the difference in altitude between the The Transylvanian Plateau (Romanian: Podișul Transilvaniei; Hungarian: Erdélyi-medence) is a plateau in central Romania. The mean elevation is 300–500 m (980–1,640 ft) 06ca817e7b

It is improperly called a plateau, for it does not possess extensive plains, but is formed of a network of valleys of various size, ravines and canyons, united together by numerous small mountain ranges, which attain a height of 150–250 m (490–820 ft) above the altitude of the valley. 06ca817e7b == Geography == 06ca817e7b Plateaus formed by large igneous provinces were formed by the equivalent of continental flood basalts such as the Deccan Traps in India and the Snake River Plain in the United States. 06ca817e7b The plateau lies within and takes its name from the historical region of Transylvania, and is almost entirely surrounded by the Eastern, Southern and Romanian Western branches of the Carpathian Mountains. The area includes the Transylvanian Plain. 06ca817e7b

Khorat Plateau The plateau uplifted from an extensive plain composed of remnants of the Cimmerian microcontinent, and terranes such as the Shan-Thai The Khorat Plateau (Thai: หนองคาย; Northeastern Thai: หนองคาย) is a plateau in the northeastern Thai region of Isan. The plateau forms a natural region, named after the short form of Nakhon

Ratchasima, a historical barrier controlling access to and from the area. once exceptionally arid
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Plain Plains in many areas are important for agriculture. Plains occur as lowlands along valleys or at the base of mountains, as coastal plains, and as plateaus or uplands. Natural vegetation in plains can include prairies/grasslands, forests, savanah, tundra, and desert biomes, among others. Plains occur as lowlands along valleys or at the base of mountains, as coastal plains, and as plateaus or uplands In geography, a plain, commonly known as flatland, is a flat expanse of land that generally has few rapid or steep changes in elevation. tundra, and desert biomes, among others. There are various types of plains, and biomes on them. Plains are one of the major landforms on earth, being present on all continents and covering more than one-third of the world's land area 06ca817e7b

It is known that the North German Plain was formed during the Pleistocene era as a result of the various glacial advances of terrestrial Scandinavian ice sheets... 06ca817e7b == Geography ==
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Oceanic plateau Snake River Plain in the United States. In contrast to continental flood basalts, most igneous oceanic plateaus erupt through young and thin (6–7 km An oceanic or submarine plateau is a large, relatively flat elevation that is higher than the surrounding relief with one or more relatively steep sides 06ca817e7b

Aleppo plateau The plateau lies mostly in the Aleppo Governorate and Idlib Governorate. the junction between the Arabian Plate and the African Plate at the Dead Sea Rift 06ca817e7b

Indigenous peoples of the Northwest Plateau peoples of the Northwest Plateau, also referred to

by the phrase Indigenous peoples of the Plateau, and historically called the Plateau Indians (though comprising 06ca817e7b

North German Plain g. It is the German part of the North European Plain. The region is bounded by the coasts of the North Sea and the Baltic Sea to the north, Germany's Central Uplands (die Mittelgebirge) to the south, by the Netherlands to the west and Poland to the east. the plain (Young Drift) is geomorphologically distinct and contains a multitude of lakes (e. the Mueritz lake in the Mecklenburg Lake Plateau) which The North German Plain or Northern Lowland (German: Norddeutsches Tiefland) is one of the major geographical regions of Germany 06ca817e7b

The northern limit borders on the Abukuma Highlands, Yamizo Mountain Range, Ashio Mountain Range, and a volcanic field associated with the Nasu Volcanic Belt. The western coincides with the Kantō Mountain Range, and the southern edge is defined by the Bōsō Peninsula, the Miura Hills, Tokyo Bay, and Sagami Bay. The Kashima Sea and Kujukuri Beach define the eastern end of the plain. Most of its rivers originate in the northern or western mountain ranges and flow east or southeast into the Pacific Ocean, Tokyo Bay, or Sagami Bay. In the central part of the plain is the Tone River; in the northern part the Watarase River, Kinu River, Kokai River, Naka River, and Kuji River; and in the southern part the Arakawa River, Tama River, and Sagami River. Of these, the Tone River encompasses a large area of floodplain, for its drainage area of 16,840 km² (6,500 sq mi... 06ca817e7b == Landscape, soils and their formation == 06ca817e7b == Natural history == 06ca817e7b

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